



Republic of the Philippines **Department of Education** Regional Office IX, Zamboanga Peninsula







English

Quarter 4 - Module 1: Degrees of Adjectives





What I Need to Know

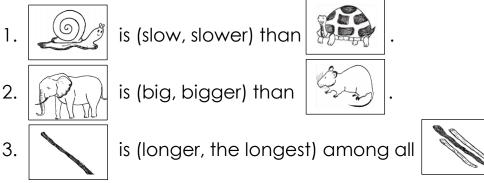
Hello and welcome to this fun and exciting lesson in English 3. This module composes of activities that will let you compare things. After going through, you are expected to:

• Use the degrees of adjectives in making comparison (positive, comparative, superlative) (EN3G-IVi-j-5.2)



What I know

Directions: Underline the appropriate degree of adjectives in each sentence.



is (hotter, the hottest) month of the year in

Philippines.



is (more beautiful, the most beautiful) among her

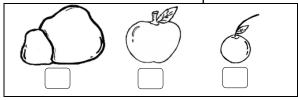
sisters.

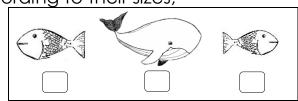


4.

What's In

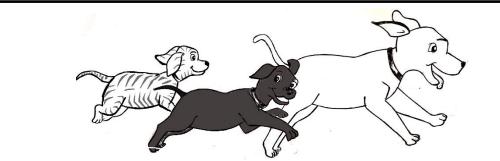
Directions: Put numbers 1 for BIG, 2 for BIGGER, and 3 for BIGGEST in the boxes of each picture according to their sizes,







Directions: Read and understand the story carefully and answer the questions that follow.



Three dogs are good friends. The white dog is **big**. The black dog is **bigger** than the white dog. The striped dog is the **biggest** of them three.

One day, they went out to the playground. They run. The white dog is **fast**. The black dog is **faster** than the white dog. The striped dog is the **fastest** among them. They played all day and they were all happy.

- 1. What is the story all about?
- 2. Which dog is big? Bigger? Biggest?
- 3. What do you call the highlighted words?



Adjectives have three degrees that compare one thing to another. The three degrees of adjectives are:

1. Positive is an adjective that does not make a comparison.

Example: Teddy is a tall boy.

2. Comparative is used when comparing two things.

For the adjectives with two syllables, add **-er** or **more**, like **narrower**, and **taller**. For more than two syllables, add the word **more** before the adjectives. Examples are: **more beautiful**, **more reliable**, and **more interesting**. The adjectives here are usually followed by the word **than**.

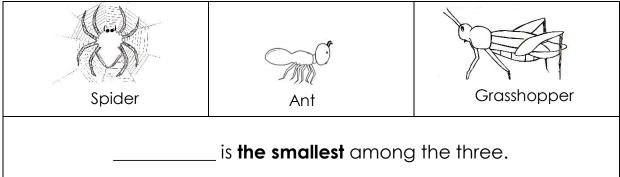
Example: Teddy is taller than Leo.

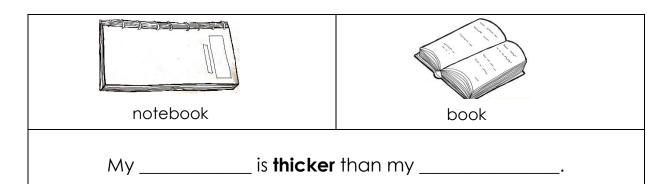
3. Superlative is used when comparing more than two things.

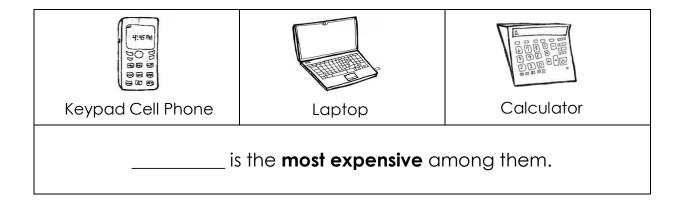
For two syllables, simply add **-est** or **most** to the adjectives like **narrowest**, and **tallest**. For more than two syllables, add the word **most** before the adjectives like **most beautiful**, **most** reliable, and **most** interesting. The adjectives here are usually followed by the words **among them**, of all, and of them all.

Example: Harry is the tallest among them.

Directions: Complete the sentence by comparing the pictures in the boxes. Write the word in each blank.



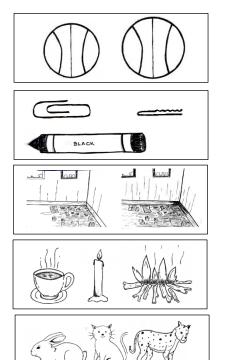








Directions: Read the directions in each number carefully.



- 1. Color the bigger ball with your red crayon.
- 2. Encircle the shortest object.
- 3. Put X to the dirtier corner.
- 4. Color the hottest object.
- 5. Encircle the fastest animal.

What I Have Learned

Directions: Supply the missing words in the paragraph. Choose your answers from the box below.

-er	most	comparative
broader	degrees of adjectives	more useful
three	two	superlative
most important	than	brightest

Today I learned about ______. It composed of positive, comparative and superlative. In comparing two things, we used ______ degree of adjectives by adding ______ or more. Examples are ______ and ______. Its adjectives are usually followed by the word ______. On the other hand, superlative is used when comparing more than ______ things by adding _est or ______ to the adjectives. Examples are ______ and



Directions: Complete the sentences at the right with the positive, comparative, and superlative degrees of adjectives by using the given pictures.

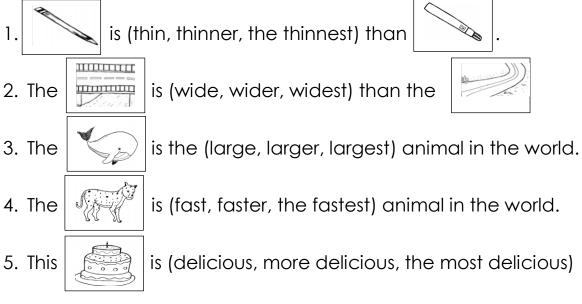
Josh Pat Ron	 Josh is happy. Pat isthan Josh. Ron is the among them.
	 The chair is heavy. The table is than chair. Cabinet is the among the three objects.
	 The pencil is The ruler is longer than pencil. The belt is theamong them.

 The chalk is hard. Wood is than chalk. Stone is the among all.
 Bicycle is Motorcycle is more expensive than bicycle. Car is the among the three vehicles.



Assessment

Directions: Use the degrees of adjectives in making comparison. Underline your correct answer.



l've ever eaten.

Isabela City, Basilan Management Team: Julieto H. Fernandez, Ed. D., CESO VI SDS- Isabela City Maria Laarni T. Villanueva, Ed.D., CESE ASDS, Isabela City

Reviewer:

Editors/QA:

Illustrator: Crisanta P. Dacayo

Layout Artist: Shirley D. Montañez

Isabela City, Basilan

Arman K. Abdul Ustadz Wahab Akbar Elementary School Isabela City, Basilan Mim J. Dagam Ustadz Wahab Akbar Elementary School Isabela City, Basilan

Ustadz Wahab Akbar Elementary School

Ustadz Wahab Akbar Elementary School

Writers:

278

Development Team

Mil Flores Ponciano, Esperanza Diaz- Cruz, Ana Lou Caspi, Criselda DG Ocang, Jeanette V. Sison, Raymond Bustamante, Rose B. Pamintuan, Jelly L. Sore, Aurea L. Mazo, Myra R. Labay, Ivy Romano, Leah Bautista, Dinah Bonao, Evelyn Mamangon, Josie Mendoza, 2015. Let's Get Better in English 3, pp.

References

most important

& teathgind .01-9

tsom .8

more expensive

exbeusive

harder

3. longest

j. long

2. 3.

٦.

.5

5.

Key Answer

