



Republic of the Philippines **Department of Education** Regional Office IX, Zamboanga Peninsula







**English** Quarter 2 - Module 1:

# **Using Perfect Tenses of the Verbs**



Name of Learner: Grade & Section: Name of School:



What I Need to Know

Verbs or action words play an important role in a sentence. They should agree with the subject or what you are talking about in a sentence. Verbs or action words come in different tenses as they happened. Verb tenses identify the time or period when an action occurs. The perfect form is the verb tense used to indicate a completed, or "perfected" action or condition. Verbs can appear in any one of three perfect tenses: present perfect, past perfect, and future perfect.

In this module, you will learn to:

- > Identify the perfect tenses: present perfect, past perfect and future perfect
- > Use the perfect tenses in sentences



**Directions:** Read the selection below. Take note of the action words that were used in the sentences. Then, try to identify what form/tense of the verbs are being used.

Income tax laws should apply to all levels of society equally. Corporations and wealthy citizens who often have access to skilled lawyers should not pay proportionately less income tax than other members of society. A system that allows the wealthy and the corporate to profit from loopholes is inherently unfair.

Several categories of citizens are less able to pay taxes. Those citizens who are middle class often pay more than their fair share simply because they do not enjoy this easy access to legal counsel. Also, people who work full-time but earn very little, people with disabilities, and people with large families should receive some sort of tax break. Some argue that the current tax structure is quite fair.

Income tax laws should apply to all levels of society equally.

- 1. What is the verb used in the sentence? \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. What tense of the verb is it?

3. List down at least 5 verbs or action words used in the selection. Then, complete the table below.

Present Tense	Past Tense	Future Tense
1.		
2.		
3.		
4.		
5.		



**Directions**: Read each group of words in the box. These are the different patterns to be used in the perfect aspects of verbs namely present perfect, past perfect, and future perfect tense + past participle of the verbs. Classify them in the correct column below. Take note of the correct form of the past participle of the verbs. Write your answer in your notebook.

have walked	will have chosen	had made
has believed	have cleaned	will have talked
will have erased	has tried	had danced
has travelled	have spoken	will have come
had recited	had entered	have slept
will have written	has broken	will have eaten
have flown	had memorized	

Present Perfect	Past perfect	Future Perfect



- Perfect tense is a verb form indicating that an action or state has been completed at present, in the past, or will be completed in the future. The word perfect means "made complete" or "completely done."
- Present Perfect Tense expresses an action that started in the past and continues to the present. They are made up of has/have + past participle of the verbs.

Singular Subject + has + past participle of the verb Plural Subject + have + past participle of the verb Since, for and the adverbs always, just, never or yet are commonly used with the present perfect tense.

Examples :

Jann <u>has worked</u> as an engineer *for* a year now. We <u>have lived</u> here *since* 2012.

Past Perfect tense shows that an action is completed in the past before another happened or it is an action or event in the past, but then it ends at a certain point. So, the pattern to remember is had + past participle of the verb.

Example:

John <u>had played</u> baseball for five years until he injured his knee. June <u>had jumped</u> over ten hurdles in a row before falling.

Future Perfect tense describes an action that will still be completed sometime before a future time of perspective or is used for actions that will start in the future but will end by some certain point. It follows the pattern will have + past participle form of the verb.

Example:

By the end of January, I <u>will have lost</u> ten pounds by exercising every day.

I will have finished my homework before dinner.

Past Participle of verbs expresses completed action that is one of the principal parts of the verb.

**Regular verbs** form their past participle by adding **–d** or **–ed Irregular verbs** usually change their spelling to form the past participle.

Take a look at this table

	Regular Verbs	Past Participle	Irregular Verbs	Past Participle
lis	sten	listened	sing	sung
pla	ant	planted	hide	hidden
Wa	alk	walked	choose	chosen
in	sert	inserted	swim	swum



# What's More

A. **Directions:** Complete the table below by filling out the present perfect, past perfect and future perfect tenses of the verbs in the first column. The first item is done for you.

Verb	Present perfect	Past Perfect	Future Perfect
sleep	has/have slept	had slept	will have slept
1. talk			
2. dance			
3. go			
4. leave			
5. drive			

- B. **Directions:** Underline the verb used and identify the tense of the perfect verbs (present perfect, past perfect, future perfect) in the following sentences. Write your answer on a piece of paper.
- 1. The birds have flown back and forth across the plains.
- 2. We will have walked for 2 hours by the time we get back to camp.
- 3. I had hoped that we would see more horses.
- 4. The giraffes have eaten all the leaves of the tallest trees.
- 5. We will have seen all the animals by the time night falls.

B. **Directions:** Complete the sentence with the correct perfect tense of the verbs.

- 1. After this play ends, we \_\_\_\_\_ (act) in thirty performances for our school.
- 2. My mom \_\_\_\_\_\_ (drive) three hour already on our way to Florida.

- 3. We \_\_\_\_\_ (study) a lot for the test before we finally took it yesterday.
- 4. Eric and Susie \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to get a dog since they were little.
- 5. He \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) chicken every day for a month.



- 1. Perfect tense means the action is \_\_\_\_\_ done.
- 2. There are three perfect tenses namely: present perfect, \_\_\_\_\_, and future perfect.
- 3. \_\_\_\_\_\_ of verbs expresses completed action that is one of the principal parts of the verb.
- 4. Has or Have + past participle of the verb is used in \_\_\_\_\_
- 5. \_\_\_\_\_\_ shows that an action is completed in the past before another happened
- Give the pattern used for future perfect tense \_\_\_\_\_\_.



**Directions**: You have learned the perfect tenses of the verbs namely: present perfect, past perfect, and future perfect tenses. Do you remember their pattern? Can you now use an appropriate perfect tense to make the sentence correct? Copy in your notebook and fill in the blank using the appropriate perfect tense of the verbs in the brackets.

- 1. Circumstances \_\_\_\_\_\_ him to leave school when he was just ten. (forced have forced had forced)
- 2. The boys performed all the tasks we \_\_\_\_\_\_ for them. (have planned had planned will have planned)
- 3.The children \_\_\_\_\_\_ their homework by now. (will finish will have finished has finished)
- 4. He heard that his brother \_\_\_\_\_. (arrived has arrived had arrived)
- 5. Indians \_\_\_\_\_\_ skilled Mathematicians for thousands of years. (are have been were)



- A. Directions: Read each item carefully. Answer the guestion and encircle the letter of the correct answer.
  - 1. Which perfect tense is this sentence?
    - The president will have made a decision by the end of the week.
      - A. future perfect C. past perfect
      - B. past tense

- D. present perfect
- 2. What tense is this sentence written in?
  - Jordan has invented a new way to power his car.
    - A. past perfect C. future perfect
    - D. future tense B. present perfect
- 3. What is the perfect verb phrase in this sentence? The computer has failed twice this week.
  - A. has failed C. has failed B. failed
    - D. has failed twice
- 4. Which word is missing in this future perfect verb phrase? By 2022, we \_\_\_\_have known each other for ten years.
  - A. will C. has B. had D. have
- 5. Present perfect tense sentences use and . C. have and has A. had and will B. will and has D. had and has

B. Directions: Complete the sentence using the correct perfect tense of the verb. Use the given action word in the parenthesis.

1. After this play ends, we \_\_\_\_\_ (act) in thirty performances for our school.

2. My mom \_\_\_\_\_\_ (drive) three hour already on our way to Florida.

3. We \_\_\_\_\_ (study) a lot for the test before we finally took it

yesterday.

4. Eric and Susie \_\_\_\_\_ (want) to get a dog since they were little.

5. He \_\_\_\_\_ (eat) chicken every day for a month.

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### I Am a Filipino by Carlos P. Romulo

I am a Filipino–inheritor of a glorious past, hostage to the uncertain future. As such I must prove equal to a two-fold task–the task of meeting my responsibility to the past, and the task of performing my obligation to the future.

I sprung from a hardy race, child many generations removed of ancient Malayan pioneers. Across the centuries the memory comes rushing back to me: of brownskinned men putting out to sea in ships that were as frail as their hearts were stout. Over the sea I see them come, borne upon the billowing wave and the whistling wind, carried upon the mighty swell of hope- hope in the free abundance of new land that was to be their home and their children's forever.

I am a Filipino. In my blood runs the immortal seed of heroes-seed that flowered down the centuries in deeds of courage and defiance. In my veins yet pulses the same hot blood that sent Lapulapu to battle against the first invader of this land, that nerved Lakandula in the combat against the alien foe, that drove Diego Silang and Dagohoy into rebellion against the foreign oppressor.

The seed I bear within me is an immortal seed. It is the mark of my manhood, the symbol of dignity as a human being. Like the seeds that were once buried in the tomb of Tutankhamen many thousand years ago, it shall grow and flower and bear fruit again. It is the insignia of my race, and my generation is but a stage in the unending search of my people for freedom and happiness.

I am a Filipino, child of the marriage of the East and the West. The East, with its languor and mysticism, its passivity and endurance, was my mother, and my sire was the West that came thundering across the seas with the Cross and Sword and the Machine. I am of the East, an eager participant in its spirit, and in its struggles for liberation from the imperialist yoke. But I also know that the East must awake from its centuried sleep, shake off the lethargy that has bound his limbs, and start moving where destiny awaits.

I am a Filipino, and this is my inheritance. What pledge shall I give that I may prove worthy of my inheritance? I shall give the pledge that has come ringing down the corridors of the centuries, and it shall be compounded of the joyous cries of my Malayan forebears when first they saw the contours of this land loom before their eyes, of the battle cries that have resounded in every field of combat from Mactan to Tirad Pass, of the voices of my people when they sing:

"I am a Filipino born to freedom, and I shall not rest until freedom shall have been added unto my inheritance—for myself and my children and my children's children—forever."

(Reprinted from The Philippines Herald, August 16, 1941)

#### **My Final Farewell**

Farewell, dear Fatherland, clime of the sun caress'd Pearl of the Orient seas, our Eden lost!,

Gladly now I go to give thee this faded life's best, And were it brighter, fresher, or more blest

Still would I give it thee, nor count the cost.

On the field of battle, 'mid the frenzy of fight, Others have given their lives, without doubt or heed; The place matters not-cypress or laurel or lily white, Scaffold or open plain, combat or martyrdom's plight, T is ever the same, to serve our home and country's need.

I die just when I see the dawn break, Through the gloom of night, to herald the day; And if color is lacking my blood thou shalt take, Pour'd out at need for thy dear sake To dye with its crimson the waking ray.

My dreams, when life first opened to me, My dreams, when the hopes of youth beat high, Were to see thy lov'd face, O gem of the Orient sea From gloom and grief, from care and sorrow free; No blush on thy brow, no tear in thine eye.

Dream of my life, my living and burning desire, All hail ! cries the soul that is now to take flight; All hail ! And sweet it is for thee to expire ; To die for thy sake, that thou mayst aspire; And sleep in thy bosom eternity's long night. If over my grave some day thou seest grow, In the grassy sod, a humble flower, Draw it to thy lips and kiss my soul so, While I may feel on my brow in the cold tomb below The touch of thy tenderness, thy breath's warm power.

Let the moon beam over me soft and serene, Let the dawn shed over me its radiant flashes, Let the wind with sad lament over me keen; And if on my cross a bird should be seen, Let it trill there its hymn of peace to my ashes. Let the sun draw the vapors up to the sky, And heavenward in purity bear my tardy protest Let some kind soul o 'er my untimely fate sigh, And in the still evening a prayer be lifted on high From thee, 0 my country, that in God I may rest.

Pray for all those that hapless have died, For all who have suffered the unmeasur'd pain; For our mothers that bitterly their woes have cried, For widows and orphans, for captives by torture tried, And then for thyself that redemption thou mayst gain.

And when the dark night wraps the graveyard around With only the dead in their vigil to see Break not my repose or the mystery profound And perchance thou mayst hear a sad hymn resound 'T is I, O my country, raising a song unto thee.

And even my grave is remembered no more Unmark'd by never a cross nor a stone Let the plow sweep through it, the spade turn it o'er That my ashes may carpet earthly floor, Before into nothingness at last they are blown.

Then will oblivion bring to me no care As over thy vales and plains I sweep; Throbbing and cleansed in thy space and air With color and light, with song and lament I fare, Ever repeating the faith that I keep.

My Fatherland ador'd, that sadness to my sorrow lends

Beloved Filipinas, hear now my last good-by! I give thee all: parents and kindred and friends For I go where no slave before the oppressor bends, Where faith can never kill, and God reigns e'er on high!

Farewell to you all, from my soul torn away, Friends of my childhood in the home dispossessed ! Give thanks that I rest from the wearisome day ! Farewell to thee, too, sweet friend that

lightened my way;

Beloved creatures all, farewell! In death there is rest!

(This is the 1911 translation by Charles Derbyshire of the Spanish original of José Rizal's poem, Mi Ultimo Adiós)