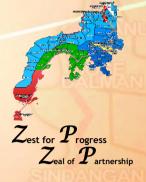




Republic of the Philippines **Department of Education** Regional Office IX, Zamboanga Peninsula







English Quarter 2 - Module 2:

Tenses of Simple Verbs

Name of Learner: Grade & Section: Name of School:



What I Need to Know

Welcome to another lesson in English 3. Today we will be learning about simple tenses of verbs. It covers the past, present and future forms of verbs. This will help you understand the rules on how each tense is being used in every situation.

In this module the learners should be able to:

- 1. Distinguish verbs in simple past, present and future form
- 2. Use simple verbs (past, present, future) in a sentence



What's In

Directions: Underline the verb in each sentence.

- 1. I washed my clothes yesterday.
- 2. She studies her lessons every night.
- 3. We will buy a new cellphone tomorrow.
- 4. The children went to school.
- 5. Mother will bake a cake for my birthday.



What's New

Good work! You answered the activity above. Now, you will read a story about the things a girl likes to do. After reading it please answer the comprehension questions that follows.

> The Things I Like to Do Written By: Tatiana Marie F. Totana

Last week, I <u>visited</u> my grandparents in the province. I <u>played</u> with my friends and <u>smiled</u> all day. Today, I <u>eat</u> my favorite chocolate cake and <u>drink</u> a glass of milk. Next month, we <u>will go</u> to the city by riding on an airplane. I <u>will buy</u> a new pair of shoes in the mall, too. How I <u>love</u> to visit places and <u>do</u> things that <u>make</u> me happy! Comprehension Questions:

- 1. Who did she visit in the province?
- 2. What did she do in the province?
- 3. What do you think her grandparents felt when she visited them?
- 4. When will she go to the city?
- 5. What are the things that you love to do and why?



Verb tenses tell us when the verb or an action takes place. There are three simple tenses of the verb, these are the **past tense**, **present tense** and the **future tense**.

The **simple past tense** of the verb is used to express actions that happened in the **past**. We just **add –d or –ed** to the base form of the verbs to show that the action happened in the past like the examples in the story that you read.

visit ed	play ed	smile d
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Sometimes, we use time expressions or words to show that the action happened in the past. Some of these are – **yesterday**, **last month**, **three days ago**, **last time** and etc. Some verbs, however, change their spelling to form the past tense. We call them **irregular verbs**. Other verbs do not change at all to show past action like cut, set and read. Here are some examples of irregular verbs:

take- took	give-gave	find-found	get-got
go-went	see-saw	think- thought	fly-flew

The simple present tense is used if the action happens at a present_time or if the action happens repeatedly. It is also used to express general truth or facts like the words that we used in the story.

eat	drink	love	do	make

We also use time expressions like every day, regularly, each day, on Mondays, sometimes and each year.

There are things to be considered in forming the present tense of the verb.

If the subject of the sentence or if the doer of the action is **plural** or more than one, use the base form of the verb. Use also the base form of the verb for the pronouns **I**, **you** and **we**.

If the subject of the sentence or the doer of the action is singular or only one, we have to **add s or es** to the base form of the verb.

Plural subject/ I , You , We	Singular subject
drink	drinks
jump	jumps
go	goes

Study the table below to understand better.

The **simple future tense** of the verb is used to express an action that will happen in the **future**. It is formed by using the word **will** or **shall** before the base form of the verb.

will go or shall go	will buy or shall buy
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We also use time expressions like **tomorrow**, **this afternoon**, **two days from now**, **next week**, **next month**, **next year** to indicate future actions. Below are examples of verbs in the simple past, present and future form.

Past Tense	Present Tense		Future Tense
	Plural Subject	Singular Subject	
helped	help	helps	will/shall help
walked	walk	walks	will/shall walk
went	go	goes	will/shall go
brought	bring	brings	will/shall bring
kept	keep	keeps	will/shall keep
cut	cut	cuts	will/shall cut
read	read	reads	will/shall read

Here are examples of sentences in different simple tenses:

Past Tense:

- 1. Tony <u>walked</u> to school last time.
- 2. He brought a new book in class yesterday.

Present Tense :

- 1. I read a beautiful story every night.
- 2. Sherry always <u>goes</u> to school early.

Future Tense :

- 1. They will help clean the room tomorrow.
- 2. Romy shall cut the tall grasses in the yard next day.



Activity 1 – Put It Right

Directions: Put the following verbs in the correct column.

jumped will walk cooks will run play talked asks helped shall dance

Past	Present	Future

Activity 2 – Write it Right

Directions: Write if the sentence is in the past, present or future tense.

1. My mother cooks dinner every night.
2. Yesterday, I watched TV the whole night.
3. We will visit grandmother tomorrow in her house.
4. I usually wash my clothes on Saturdays.
5. Do you think your teacher will attend your birthday party?

Activity 3 – Fill Me Up

Directions: Fill in the blanks with the correct form of the verb inside the parenthesis.

- 1. Rina and Roni (go) _____ to Cebu last week.
- 2. My sister (water) ______ the plants every day.
- 3. I _____ (clean) my room tomorrow.
- 4. We (walk) ______ the whole day yesterday.
- 5. Father (drive) ______ us to school every morning.

Activity 4 – Round Up

Directions: Underline the correct form of the verb to complete the sentence.

- 1. We (cleaned, clean, will clean) the house every Saturday.
- 2. Tomorrow I (go, went, shall go) to the park to play.
- 3. Jessa (talked, talks, will talk) to her sister over the phone yesterday.
- 4. I (study, studied, will study) my lessons this morning.
- 5. They (eat, ate, shall eat) ice cream last night.

What I Have Learned

- 1. Simple verbs have three tenses. These are ______and
- 2. The ______ of the verb is used to express actions that happened in the past.
- 3. The ______ is used if the action happens at a present time or if the action happens repeatedly.
- 4. The ______ of the verb is used to express an action that will happen in the future.



Directions: Underline the verb in each sentence. Identify its tense by writing past, present or future on the line.

1.	Rex played basketball yesterday.	
2.	We will clean our backyard tomorrow.	
3.	Mother bakes a birthday cake today	
4.	My brother studies his lessons every night	
	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
5.	I jogged at the park last day.	



Directions: Read the sentence carefully. Encircle the letter of the correct form of the verb to complete the sentence.

- 1. I ______ in a singing contest last year.a. winb. wonc. is winningd. shall win
- 2. Mother ______ the floor every morning. a. sweeps b. are sweeping c. swept d. will sweep
- 3. We ______ our favorite movie later. a. will watch b. watches c. watched d. was watching
- 4. Liza ______ her teeth every night.a. brushes b. brushed c. were brushing d. will brush
- 5. My friends ______ a kite yesterday. a. play b. is playing c. will play d. played

References

On line Resources:

Quiobe, Quennie N., Instructional Module in English Language Teaching, SCRIBD, <u>https://www.scribd.com/doc/106796203/Module</u> <u>-1-Simple-Past-and-Present-Tense</u>

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Trees

by Joyce Kilmer

I think that I shall never see a poem lovely as a tree.

A tree whose hungry mouth is prest Against the earth's sweet flowing breast;

A tree that looks at God all day, And lifts her leafy arms to pray;

A tree that may in summer wear a nest of robins in her hair; Upon whose bosom snow has lain; Who intimately lives with rain.

> Poems are made by fools like me, But only God can make a tree.